Statistical and robust translation in MOLTO

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Second year project meeting –
 Zurich, March 7th, 2012

Overview

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Translation Systems
 - SMT
 - GF
 - Hybrid
- 3 Conclusions

Introduction

High quality translation



MOLTO aims at high quality translation for concrete domains.

Robustness and domain widening are achived by **SMT** components, still working on a quasi-open domain with a controlled language: **Patents**.

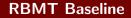
Introduction

Translation System

- 1 Resources
 - Parallel corpus
 - Grammar
- 2 Translation engine
 - Statistical, SMT
 - Rule based, GF
 - Hybrid, GF+SMT

Introduction

Engines



GF with patents data grammar and SMT components

SMT Baseline

SMT adapted to patents domain



 $\begin{aligned} \mathsf{GF} + \mathsf{SMT} \\ \mathsf{integration} \end{aligned}$

Overview

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What's next...

SMT

SMT system

SMT baseline, Standard In-Domain System

- Language model: 5-gram interpolated Kneser-Ney discounting, SRILM Toolkit
- **Alignments**: GIZA++ Toolkit
- Translation model: Moses package
- Weights optimization: MERT against BLEU
- Decoder: Moses
- **Evaluation**: Asiya

Corpus figures

Tokenized parallel corpus in the chemical domain:

SET	Segments	EN tok	DE tok	FR tok
Training	279,282	7,954,491	7,346,319	8,906,379
Development	993	29,253	26,796	33,825
Test	1,008	31,239	28,225	35,263

Obtained from patent documents with translated claims and IPC classification **A61P** (Specific therapeutic activity of chemical compounds or medical preparations).

Language domain and genre

Claims are written in a **lawyerish style** and using a very **specific vocabulary** of chemistry, full of **compounds names**.

- The use according to claim 7, wherein said cancer diseases comprise bladder, lung, mamma, melanoma and prostate carcinomas.
- A compound according to claim 1 wherein it is (2S)-2-[(4S)-4-(2,2-difluoroviny1)-2-oxopyrrolidiny1]butanamide.
- The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said platinum anticancer agent is selected from at least one of the complexes having structures of: **IMAGE**.

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Language domain and genre

Claims have also **long sentences** and **missing information**.

Excerpt 2

- Use of compounds of formula I **IMAGE** wherein R1 signifies substituted C1-C4-alkylene, whereby the substituents are selected from the group comprising unsubstituted aryloxy or aryloxy mono- to penta-substituted by R5, and unsubstituted pyridyloxy or pyridyloxy mono- to tetra-substituted by R5, whereby the substituents may be the same as one another or different if the number thereof is greater than 1; R2 signifies unsubstituted phenyl or phenyl mono- to penta-substituted by R5, or unsubstituted pyridyl or pyridyl mono- to tetra-substituted by R5; R3 is methyl; R4 signifies hydrogen, C1-C6-alkyl or halogen-C1-C6-alkyl; R5 signifies C1-C6-alkyl, C1-C6-alkoxy, halogen-C1-C6-alkyl, halogen-C1-C6-alkoxy, C2-C6-alkenyl, halogen-C2-C6-alkenvl, C2-C6-alkinvl, halogen-C2-C6-alkinvl, C3-C8-cvcloalkvl, C1-C6-alkylcarbonyl, halogen-C1-C6-alkylcarbonyl, C1-C6-alkoxycarbonyl, halogen-C1-C6-alkoxycarbonyl, C1-C6-alkylsulfonyl, C1-C6-alkylsulfinyl, halogen, cyano or nitro; A signifies C(R6)(R7), CH=CH or C=C; R6 and R7 either, i ndependently of one another, signify hydrogen, halogen, C1-C6-alkvl, C1-C6-alkoxv, halogen-C1-C6-alkvl, halogen-C1-C6-alkoxv or C3-C6-cycloalkyl; or together signify C2-C6-alkylene; R8 and R9 are hydogen; m and n, independently...of one other, are 0 or 1; and optionally enantiomers thereof, with the proviso that if m is 0 then R1 is retained; in the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the control of endoparasitic helminths in warm-blooded productive livestock and domestic animals.



SMT baseline, evaluation

BLEU

	EN2DE	DE2EN	EN2FR	FR2EN	DE2FR	FR2DE
Bing	0.33	0.43	0.43	0.45	0.20	0.24
Google	0.45	0.58	0.53	0.62	0.43	0.39
Domain	0.58	0.65	0.62	0.70	0.56	0.53

English-German Translations, scores

		DE2EN			EN2DE	
METRIC	Bing	Google	Domain	Bing	Google	Domain
1-WER	0.52	0.64	0.72	0.42	0.51	0.69
1-PER	0.66	0.76	0.82	0.56	0.64	0.77
1-TER	0.59	0.67	0.76	0.45	0.53	0.71
BLEU	0.43	0.58	0.65	0.33	0.45	0.58
NIST	8.25	9.67	10.12	6.53	8.05	9.40
ROUGE-W	0.40	0.48	0.52	0.34	0.41	0.48
GTM-2	0.30	0.40	0.47	0.25	0.32	0.43
METEOR-pa	0.60	0.69	0.74	0.36	0.45	0.57
ULC	0.09	0.29	0.41	0.03	0.19	0.43

English-German Translations, examples

Why such good scores?

DE	Verwendung nach Anspruch 23 , worin das molare Verhältnis von Arginin
	zu lbuprofen 0,60 : 1 beträgt .
EN	The use of claim 23, wherein the molar ratio of arginine to ibuprofen is
	0.60:1.

English-German Translations, examples

Why such good scores?

DE EN	Verwendung nach Anspruch 23 , worin das molare Verhältnis von Arginin zu Ibuprofen 0,60 : 1 beträgt . The use of claim 23 , wherein the molar ratio of arginine to ibuprofen is $0.60:1$.
Domain	The use of claim 23 , wherein the molar ratio of arginine to ibuprofen is $0.60:1$.
Google	The $method$ of claim 23 , wherein the molar ratio of arginine to ibuprofen $0.60:1$ is .
Bing	The Use of claim 23 , wherein the molar ratio of arginine to ibuprofen is $0.60:1$.

English-German Translations, examples

What's wrong?

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{DE} & (\pm)\text{-N-(3-Aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(syn-9-tetradecenyloxy)-1-propanaminiumbromid} \\ \textbf{EN} & (\pm)\text{-N-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(syn-9-tetradeceneyloxy)-1-propanaminiumbromide} \\ & \textbf{bromide} \end{array}
```

English-German Translations, examples

What's wrong?

```
DE (±)-N-(3-Aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(syn-9-tetradecenyloxy)-1-propanaminiumbromid (±)-N-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(syn-9-tetradecenyloxy)-1-propanaminiumbromid bromide

Domain (±)-N-(3-Aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(syn-9-tetradecenyloxy)-1-propanaminiumbromid (±)-N-(3-aminopropyl)-N, N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(syn-9-tetradecenyloxy) is 1-propanaminiumbromid (±)-N-(3-Aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(syn-9-tetradecenyloxy)-1-propanaminiumbromid
```

English-French Translations, scores

		FR2EN			EN2FR	
METRIC	Bing	Google	Domain	Bing	Google	Domain
1-WER	0.54	0.66	0.78	0.57	0.63	0.73
1-PER	0.71	0.78	0.86	0.68	0.75	0.82
1-TER	0.59	0.70	0.80	0.60	0.66	0.74
BLEU	0.45	0.62	0.70	0.43	0.53	0.62
NIST	8.52	10.01	10.86	8.39	9.21	9.96
ROUGE-W	0.41	0.50	0.54	0.39	0.45	0.49
GTM-2	0.32	0.43	0.53	0.31	0.36	0.45
METEOR-pa	0.61	0.72	0.77	0.57	0.65	0.71
ULC	0.07	0.28	0.44	0.10	0.23	0.39

German-French Translations, scores

		DE2FR		FR2DE		
METRIC	Bing	Google	Domain	Bing	Google	Domain
1-WER	0.42	0.52	0.76	0.30	0.43	0.65
1-PER	0.58	0.68	0.77	0.46	0.59	0.74
1-TER	0.47	0.56	0.68	0.32	0.46	0.66
BLEU	0.29	0.43	0.56	0.24	0.39	0.53
NIST	6.72	8.21	9.10	5.35	7.30	8.88
ROUGE-W	0.31	0.38	0.45	0.29	0.37	0.44
GTM-2	0.24	0.30	0.41	0.21	0.28	0.41
METEOR-pa	0.45	0.56	0.64	0.26	0.39	0.51
ULC	0.03	0.22	0.41	-0.03	0.19	0.44

SMT Systems, general impressions (public systems)

Google

Few OOVs but tokenization problems with compounds

Bing

Lack of specific vocabulary

In-domain SMT

Try to solve the problems of the general systems, but still:

- Improve compound detector
- Fix structures are translated different depending on the vocabulary

What's next...

GF

GF for patents

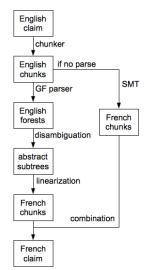
GF System

- Parse
- Apply patents **grammar**
- Linearise

Patents grammar

- General structure grammar
- **Compounds** grammar

GF with a patents data grammar



English-to-French patent translator



GF with a patents data grammar

On-line lexicon building

- Pre-process: English claims tagged **PoS** (Genia)
- Lemmatised with GF English lexicon
- New lexicon included as abstract syntax entries
- SMT English-to-French translated lexicon

GF with a patents data grammar

Chunking

- Considered **chunks**: VP, NP, AP and PP
- VP, RP and AP need to have an NP to agree with
- Chunking adapted to patents estruture
- Merging

GF with a patents data grammar

Word	PoS Genia	Chunk Genia	PoS Final	Chunk Final
The	DT	B-NP	DT	B-NP
use	NN	I-NP	NN	I-NP
of	IN	B-PP	IN	I-NP
claim	NN	B-NP	NN	I-NP
1	CD	I-NP	CD	I-NP
,	,	Ο	,	0
wherein	IN	B-PP	RP	B-RP
said	V	B-VP	DT	B-NP
use	NN	B-NP	NN	I-NP
is	VBZ	B-VP	VBZ	B-VP
intramuscular	JJ	B-ADJP	JJ	I-VP
	•	0		0

GF with a patents data grammar

Grammar

- Extension of the Resource Grammar with functions implementing **constructions** that occur in patent claims
- Huge number of ambiguitiesDisambiguation: frequency counts in the corpus
- The **coverage** is of 7% on complete sentences and 33% on chunks

GF with a patents data grammar

Why the limited coverage?

- Punctuation and similar are not considered (31.3%)
- 18.3% of the chunks cannot be **parsed** by the grammar
- 15.5% of the chunks cannot be translated due to uncomplete lexicon
- 1.1% cannot be translated because of the missing information about **agreement**

What's next...

HYBRIDS

Two hybridisation approaches

Statistical MT can alleviate some of the RBMT flaws

Two hybridisation approaches

Rule-based MT can alleviate some of the SMT flaws

Two hybridisation approaches

Rule-based MT can alleviate some of the SMT flaws

Missing constituents (verb)

DE	Verwendung nach Anspruch 2, wobei die Menge von Cumarin oder 7- Hydroxycumarin im Medikament 45 mg pro Medikamenten-Einheit beträgt .
EN	Use according to claim 2 wherein the amount of coumarin or 7-hydroxycoumarin in the medicament $\bf is$ 45 mg pro drug unit.
SMT	The use according to claim 2, wherein the amount of cumarine or 7-Hydroxycumarin in the medicament ϕ 45 mg per Medikamenten-Einheit.

Two hybridisation approaches

Rule-based MT can alleviate some of the SMT flaws

Reordering problems (verbs & conjunctions)

DE	Verfahren nach Anspruch 20 oder 21, wobei das auf Platin basierende Analogon Cisplatin oder Carboplatin ist .
EN	The method of claim 20 or 21, wherein the platin-based analogue is cisplatin or carboplatin.
SMT	A method according to claim 20 or 21, wherein the platinum based on analog cisplatin Or is carboplatin.

Two hybridisation approaches

Rule-based MT can alleviate some of the SMT flaws

Gender and number agreement

EN	A use according to claim 3 , wherein the ${\bf separate}$ medicament is administered at the same time as
FR	Utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle le médicament séparé est administré en même temps que
SMT	Utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle le médicament séparée est administré en même temps que

Two hybridisation approaches: Who leads?

1. Hard integration

Force fixed GF translations within a SMT system.

2. Soft integration led by SMT

Make available GF translations to a SMT system.

3. Soft integration led by GF

Complement with SMT options the GF translation structure.

3. A hybrid GF-SMT system

3. GF is complemented with SMT translations

Complement the GF translation structure with SMT options.

The GF baseline system is already hybrid with SMT:

3. A hybrid GF-SMT system

On-line lexicon building

- Pre-process: English claims tagged PoS (Genia)
- Lemmatised with GF English lexicon
- New lexicon included as abstract syntax entries
- SMT English-to-French translated lexicon

3. A hybrid GF-SMT system

Grammar

- Extension of the Resource Grammar with functions implementing constructions that occur in patent claims
- Huge number of ambiguitiesDisambiguation: frequency counts in the corpus
- The coverage is of 7% on complete sentences and 33% on chunks

1. A hybrid SMT-GF system (HI)

1. SMT includes reliable GF translations

Force fixed GF translations within a SMT system.

Characteristics:

- SMT translates untranslated chunks by GF
- Reordering of chunks allowed
- No interaction among chunks (phrases)

1. A hybrid SMT-GF system (HI)

Proportion of chunks

	GF	SMT
NP	2,366 (14.9%)	2,199 (13.8%)
VP	275 (1.7%)	1,302 (8.2%)
AP	1,960 (12.3%)	1,935 (12.2%)
RP	648 (4.1%)	86 (0.5%)
Other	_	5,099 (32.0%)
Total	5,301 (33.3%)	10,621 (66.7%)

1. A hybrid SMT-GF system (HI)

Example

1. A hybrid SMT-GF system (HI)

Example

```
A use according to claim 3 , wherein the separate medicament is administered <adv> at the same time </adv> as the </adv> said medicament
```

1. A hybrid SMT-GF system (HI)

Example

```
<np GF = "Une utilisation" > A use </np> <adv GF = "selon la revendication 3" > according to claim 3 </adv> , <rp GF = "dans laquelle" > wherein </rp> <np GF = "le médicament séparé" > the separate medicament </np> <vp GF = "est administré" > is administered </vp> <adv> at the same time </adv> <adv> as the </adv> <np GF = "ledit médicament" > said medicament </np> .
```

2. A hybrid SMT-GF system (SI)

2. SMT adds GF translations

GF translations are phrases with a probability within a SMT system.

Characteristics:

- SMT translates translated & untranslated chunks by GF
- Reordering of chunks allowed
- Interaction among phrases GF and SMT phrases

2. A hybrid SMT-GF system (SI)

Example

2. A hybrid SMT-GF system (SI)

```
separate ||| séparer ||| 0.178571 0.13172 0.0609756 0.0621039 2.718 separate ||| séparé , ||| 0.357143 0.215329 0.00677507 0.011837 2.718 separate ||| séparé ||| 0.241667 0.215329 0.0785908 0.0747782 2.718 separate ||| séparée , ||| 0.206897 0.723653 0.00813008 0.0619939 2.718 ... the separate ||| séparée ||| 0.00446429 0.269526 1 0.391635 2.718 ... medicament is administered ||| médicament est administré ||| 0.7427 ... medicament is administered ||| médicament est administrée en ||| ... medicament is administered ||| médicament est administrée ||| 1 0.6110 ... the separate medicament ||| le médicament séparé ||| GF probability
```

Hybrid results

English-to-French translation

	WER	PER	TER	BLEU	NIST	GTM-2	MTR-pa	RG-S*	ULC
GF SMT		50.08 17.50		26.56 63.18	5.57 9.99	22.74 44.58	38.76 71.64	29.00 72.65	16.17 67.14

Hybrid results

English-to-French translation

	WER	PER	TER	BLEU	NIST	GTM-2	MTR-pa	RG-S*	ULC
GF	60.96	50.08	58.90	26.56	5.57	22.74	38.76	29.00	16.17
SMT	27.03	17.50	25.32	63.18	9.99	44.58	71.64	72.65	67.14
HI	33.56	21.95	31.24	55.88	9.24	38.81	67.30	67.80	58.84
SI1.0	26.76	17.39	25.10	63.56	10.02	44.86	71.96	72.89	67.56
SI0.5	26.63	17.32	25.02	63.60	10.03	44.84	71.94	72.93	67.60
SI0.0	27.08	17.48	25.36	63.15	9.99	44.54	71.60	72.66	67.11

Hybrid results

Example translation

GF	Une utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle
SMT	le médicament séparé est administré at the same time as Utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle le médicament séparée est administré en même temps que

Hybrid results

Example translation

GF SMT	Une utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle le médicament séparé est administré at the same time as Utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle le médicament séparée est administré en même temps que
	ie medicament separee est administre en meme temps que
HI	Une utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle
SI0.5	le médicament séparé est administré en même temps que Utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle
310.3	le médicament séparé est administré en même temps que
Ref.	Utilisation selon la revendication 3, dans laquelle le médicament séparé est administré en même temps que

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Hybrid translation of patents

Concept

Molto aims at increasing the **robustness and coverage** of translation in quasi-open domains by combining GF with SMT.

Hybrid translation of patents

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Molto aims at increasing the **robustness and coverage** of translation in quasi-open domains by combining GF with SMT.

Hybrid engines have been developed to join the coverage of SMT with the precision of GF.

Hybrid translation of patents

Concept

Molto aims at increasing the **robustness and coverage** of translation in quasi-open domains by combining GF with SMT.

Hybrid engines have been developed to join the coverage of SMT with the precision of GF.

GF is expected to provide **grammatically correct** phrases to SMT translations.

Hybrid translation of patents

Observations

The best performance is obtained with the **soft integration** (SMT *can* use GF translations).

Hybrid translation of patents

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The best performance is obtained with the **soft integration** (SMT *can* use GF translations).

GF still has a **low effect** on the final translation.

Hybrid translation of patents

Observations

The best performance is obtained with the **soft integration** (SMT *can* use GF translations).

GF still has a **low effect** on the final translation.

Automatic metrics may not be able to capture the gain in fluency (need for **manual evaluation**).

Hybrid translation of patents

Future work

Tackle **more issues** with the GF grammar (sentence level reordering, compounds, etc.).

Hybrid translation of patents

Future work

Tackle **more issues** with the GF grammar (sentence level reordering, compounds, etc.).

Alternative GF system with SMT translation before parsing.

Hybrid translation of patents

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Alternative GF system with SMT translation before parsing.

New ways of **phrase combination** (normalise probabilities).

Hybrid translation of patents

Future work

Tackle **more issues** with the GF grammar (sentence level reordering, compounds, etc.).

Alternative GF system with SMT translation before parsing.

New ways of phrase combination (normalise probabilities).

Extend the system to deal with German translation.

Gràcies!

Thank you!

Statistical and robust translation in MOLTO

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Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, University of Gothenburg

Second year project meeting –
 Zurich, March 7th, 2012

A Patent document

Patent document, IPC classification.

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₂

A Patent document

Description, claims.

```
<u style="single">Obesity Reduction Test Results</u>
    </h>
   </heading>
 -
    The venlafaxine group showed consistent statistically significant mean weight decreases and mean percent decreases from baseline beginning at week 1.
    Overall, the mean decrease in body weight for the venlafaxine group at week 10 was 7.5 lb with a mean percent decrease from baseline of 3.6%. In
    contrast, the mean decrease in body weight for the placebo group at week 10 was 1.3 lb with a mean percent decrease from baseline of 0.7%. The body
    mass index evaluation for the venlafaxine also showed a pattern of decreases similar to that of the weight decreases.
   </description>
-<claims mxw-id="PCLM12825865" lang="DE" load-source="patent-office" status="new">
 -<claim id="c-de-01-0001" num="0001">
   -<claim-text>
      Verwendung einer Verbindung mit der Formel
     +<chemistry id="chem0006" num="0006"></chemistry>
      in der A eine Komponente der Formel
     + <chemistry id="chem0007" num="0007"> </chemistry>
      ist wohei
      die gestrichelte Linie eine optionale Unsättigung darstellt:
     -<claim-text>
        <sub>1</sub>
        Wasserstoff oder Alkyl mit 1 bis 6 Kohlenstoffatomen ist:
      </claim-text>
     -<claim-text>
```



D.

Rule Based MT Systems

- Transfer style translation
- Several sequential steps:
 - Parse input sentence
 - Apply structural and lexical transfer rules
 - Generate output text in the target language
- Transfer grammar: one per language pair
- Parser and generator: one per language

Rule Based MT: Pros and Cons

Pros (as compared to SMT)

- Capture **long distance** relations and reordering.
- Better grammaticality.
- (More **robust** to domain changes.)

Cons

- Dependence on the **initial parsing**.
- Lexical transfer disambiguation.
- High development cost of the grammars and associated resources.



Two hybridisation approaches

Statistical MT can alleviate some of the RBMT flaws

Two hybridisation approaches

Rule-based MT can alleviate some of the SMT flaws

Two hybridisation approaches

Rule-based MT can alleviate some of the SMT flaws

Who leads the hybrid model?

SMT. GF is used to enrich the "translation model" of the SMT system (known approach)

GF. SMT is used to provide confidence scored translation options to the RBMT target tree (novel)

-addresses cons number 1 and 2 of previous slide-